MOUNT WASHINGTON AVALANCHE CENTER

Avalanche Forecast for Saturday, February 29, 2020

The Bottom Line

Human triggered avalanches are possible today where west wind will combine with forecast snow to form new wind slabs. Watch for signs of wind transported snow loading slopes in the lee of the wind, especially in steep terrain and cross loaded gullies. New wind slabs formed today will feel softer under-foot than the existing wind slabs in our terrain formed from Thursday's storm. Evaluate snow and terrain carefully. Avalanche danger is **MODERATE** today.

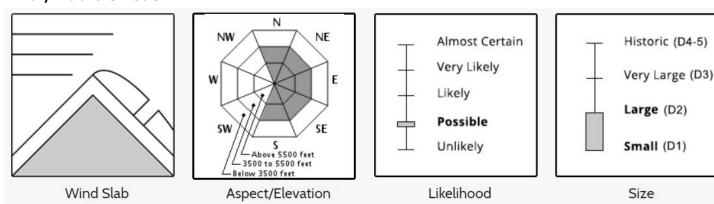
Mountain Weather

Yesterday 1.9" (SWE 0.21") of snow was recorded on the Mt Washington summit while W wind remained steady at 60-80 mph, and decreasing overnight. Temperatures hovered around 0F.

Today, snow showers may bring a trace to 2" of new snow on a W wind 25-40 mph shifting NW in the afternoon. The chance for snow showers will be greatest mid-day, mainly before the wind shifts NW signaling drier air moving in.

Temperatures on the summit will remain in the single digits below 0F. Light snow showers remain a possibility overnight. **Tomorrow**, a trace to 1" of additional snow as snow showers is possible with NW wind 40-50 mph.

Primary Avalanche Problem



Large wind slabs formed from Thursday's 9.5" (17%) snow have become firm and stubborn. Wind slabs forming today from new snow and moderate wind speeds will be more reactive to a human trigger and may grow to a foot thick or more if we see the upper end of the forecast total. Since new snow today will be limited to upslope snow showers, middle and upper elevations are the main concern. If you find thick drifts of soft snow today, you've found the avalanche problem. Wind slabs from Thursday's storm are likely to be stubborn and large but remain possible to trigger, particularly where they exist outside the more active avalanche paths.

Forecast Discussion

Thursday's storm is proving to be an interesting one for forecasters. First, the storm was responsible for a number of natural avalanches in our terrain including Hillman's, Duchess, Empress, Left Gully, South Gully and Escape Hatch. Escape Hatch may have stepped down deeper into the existing snowpack, possibly failing on a facet layer near an ice crust formed during one of many warm-ups that we've had this winter.

Second, the 9.5" of 17% snow has stabilized quickly, likely due to the moisture content of the snow, followed by cold temps and wind. Field time yesterday showed the snowpack to be firm, pencil to 1F and stubborn. A human triggering these wind slabs would be unlikely in the majority of our terrain, though unfortunate since they are quite thick.

Jeff Fongemie, Snow Ranger USDA Forest Service, White Mountain National Forest; (603)466-2713 TTY (603)466-2858

Please Remember: Safe travel in avalanche terrain requires training and experience. This forecast is just one of many decision making tools. You control your own risk by choosing where, when, and how you travel. Understand that the avalanche danger may change when actual weather differs from the weather forecast. For more information contact the Forest Service Snow Rangers, the AMC at the Pinkham Notch Visitor Center, or the caretakers at Hermit Lake Shelters or at the Harvard Cabin.